# Pay Policy Statement 2024/2025

This Pay Policy Statement (the 'statement') sets out the Council's approach to pay policy in accordance with the requirements of Section 38 of the Localism Act 2011. The purpose of the statement is to provide transparency regarding the Council's approach to setting the pay of its employees.

Reigate and Banstead Borough Council provides a wide range of services to around 150,900<sup>1</sup> residents, as well as visitors and businesses in the Borough. To be able to provide these services, we depend on our employees.

As of 1 January 2024,, we engaged 524 directly employed permanent or fixed term employees. 55% were male and 45% female.

We also engaged 100 casual workers<sup>2</sup>.

### **Background**

The Council opted out of the terms and conditions of employment operated by the National Joint Council (NJC) for Local Government Services in 2003, and since then has adopted local terms and conditions of employment.

The local payscales cover all employees of the Council (including Chief Officers as defined below) and was approved by the Council following negotiation with relevant bodies in 2002/3.

As required by law, the Council auto enrols all eligible employees into a pension scheme - the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS).

Relative to other parts of the country, the borough is expensive to move to and live in. The Council also operates in a competitive local recruitment market made more challenging by the proximity to London and large local employers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Casual workers are people who would work for us on an 'as and when' basis when required, normally paid an hourly rate



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 2021 Census data

Competition for some specialist roles remains high nationally and with our neighbouring Local Authorities, competing for the same skills and experience.

Post-Covid the market has become even more competitive as more employers offer hybrid/home working. Although turnover has fallen from peak levels in 2022/23, employee retention remains a priority for the organisation. Actions to address retention have been identified as part of the Organisational Development and Human Resources workplan. The staff survey (running in early 2024) is also likely to provide additional data and feedback for Management Team to consider in terms of employee retention, influencing relevant workplans and priorities.

### Aims of the Council's approach to pay and reward

The Council is mindful of the following five aims in its approach to pay and reward. We want to:

- 1) Recruit and retain appropriately experienced and qualified people;
- 2) Be an employer of choice;
- 3) Provide reward and recognition of high organisational performance at individual and team levels;
- 4) Maintain cost effectiveness and provide value for money; and
- 5) Comply with equal pay legislation.

### **Salary Budget**

The Council's base revenue salary budget continues to be well managed and is built each year to reflect the resource required to deliver our ambitious corporate plan priorities.

Year	Salary Budget <sup>1</sup>	FTE (from budget reports) <sup>3</sup>
2024/25	£29.2m <sup>2</sup>	535.0
2023/24	£27.6m	530.0
2022/23	£24.9m	533.6
2021/22	£23.5m	534.0
2020/21	£28.5m <sup>4</sup>	534.0
2019/20	£22.1m	487.5
2018/19	£19.5m	485.1

2017/18	£19.5m	483.0
2016/17	£18.6m	-
2015/16	£18.0m	-

- Source: Annual Budget Book
   Subject to 2024/25 Full Council budget approval
- 3. FTE figures were not included in published budget data prior to 2017/18.
- 4. A £6.2m one-off employer's pension contribution was made in 2020/21

The salary budget is set taking into account various factors, including the two elements considered when reviewing employee pay:

- An annually reviewed organisational pay award paid to employees which recognises (but is not directly linked to) cost of living and overall organisational performance. This can be a consolidated award (percentage or fixed value increase), a non-consolidated award (based on a percentage or fixed value) or a mixture of both.
- An incremental pay increase and/or bonus may be awarded for individual performance, based on the appraisal schemes detailed below ('Components of Employee Total Reward').

### **Organisational Pay Award**

The organisational pay award is usually reviewed annually, and where applicable, pay negotiations are held between the Council's management, any staff association representatives, and recognised trade unions. Longer term awards may be negotiated by agreement.

These negotiations take into consideration a range of factors; including (but not limited to) the following:

- Results of external pay benchmarking to ensure the Council is able to recruit and retain appropriately experienced and qualified employees; that it remains competitive and an employer of choice within Surrey and the immediate surrounding area (including the close proximity to London)
- Recruitment and retention trends. e.g., turnover and identification of skill types or service areas where recruitment is difficult
- The nature and level of other benefits (i.e., non-salary) provided to employees
- The level of the national 'Real Living Wage', and statutory National Minimum Wage rates
- The wider economic environment and affordability.

### **Real Living Wage**

The Council has committed to ensuring the pay rates of apprentices, casual workers and pay scales of employees mirror the national 'Real Living Wage' as determined by the Living Wage Foundation<sup>3</sup>, as a minimum level of pay. From 1 April 2024 the minimum pay rate the Council will pay, will be £12 per hour. This commitment also applies to workers in any companies that the Council owns and operates.

The Council has reviewed the official accreditation requirements set by the Living Wage Foundation and is confident requirements for our directly employed staff are met. To be officially recognised as an accredited Real Living Wage employer, we also need to formally review the pay arrangements of our contracted services to ensure compliance. Once complete, official accreditation can be applied for if required.

#### **Definition and remuneration of Chief Officers**

The Council's senior management team consists of 17 officer roles; four of whom are considered to be Chief Officers for the purposes of this policy statement, under the definition in the Localism Act 2011 and the Local Government and Housing Act 1989:

- Statutory Officer, Head of Paid Service role (Managing Director)
- Non-Statutory Officer, reporting to Head of Paid Service (Director)
- Statutory Officer, Section 151 Officer role (Chief Finance Officer)
- Statutory Officer, Monitoring Officer role (Strategic Head of Legal & Governance)

Where any role listed above is vacant at time of reporting, the midpoint of the salary range will be used for the purposes of reporting in this document.

As of 1 January 2024, the average salary of the four Chief Officers is £113,576, which now includes the adjustments to remuneration applied for the statutory officer roles/duties – see explanation below 'Exceptional Increases and Additions to Remuneration for Chief Officers'.

Including the salaries of the thirteen other officer roles which make up the wider senior management team of the Council, the average salary then becomes £82,939.

In 2022, the remuneration of the Chief Officers was confirmed through an external job evaluation and pay benchmarking exercise.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Living Wage Foundation is a campaigning organisation in the United Kingdom which aims to persuade employers to pay a living wage. The organisation was established in 2011, publishes an annual Living Wage figure and for a fee accredits employers who pay at the rate of the "living wage".

### Definition and remuneration of lowest paid employees

To enable meaningful comparison, the Council looks at full time equivalent salaries for this definition. The lowest paid employees are on Administrative 3, Operative 3, or Apprentice grades. These employees include (but not limited to): Support Assistants, Box Office Assistants, Streetsweeper-Drivers and Grounds Maintenance Operatives. As of 1 April 2023, the bottom point on the payscale for full time work was £20,823 (£10.90 per hour); part-time employees are paid on a pro-rata basis.

From 1 April 2024, the minimum hourly rate of pay for any direct workers such as apprentices and casual workers of the Council, will be at least UK Real Living Wage (£12 per hour), which is in excess of the statutory National Minimum Wage rates.

# The relationship between Chief Officer pay and the pay of all other employees

The Council pays all employees including Chief Officers, on the same incremental payscale structure.

Using the full-time equivalent salary, the average pay for employees other than Chief Officers is £33,238.

Using the full-time equivalent salary, the average pay for Chief Officers is £113,576.

The ratio of Chief Officers' pay to the average pay of other employees is 3.4:1.

The ratio of the pay of the highest paid earner - the Head of Paid Service, to the pay of the lowest paid employee is 5.5 : 1.

### Components of employee total reward

The total reward package for all employees (including Chief Officers) comprises of salary, Local Government Pension Scheme employer contribution (where the employee has not opted out), enhanced holiday entitlement (in excess of statutory requirements), enhanced sick pay (in excess of statutory requirements), enhanced maternity/paternity leave and pay (in excess of statutory requirements), adoption leave, shared parental/parental leave and pay, free parking (where allocated), agile working benefits and other standard elements of contractual remuneration required in law.

All eligible employees<sup>4</sup> have the opportunity to take advantage of a number of salary sacrifice schemes including Childcare Vouchers, Cycle to Work salary sacrifice scheme and Leisure

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Childcare vouchers are only available for staff who joined prior to September 2018

Centre membership, and benefit from discounts on shopping, entertainment, and holidays through the employee benefits schemes.

All employees (including Chief Officers) are subject to an annual assessment of their performance, and where performance meets the appropriate standard, a contractual increment will be given, until the maximum of the applicable grade for the role is reached (individual performance award).

For Chief Officers and members of the senior management team, the performance appraisal scheme results in one of five levels of rating; Outstanding Performer, Very Good Achiever, Good Achiever, Effective Manager, Improvement Required. A rating in one of the top three categories can result in a bonus of either 10%, 5% or 2.5% (according to the rating) and can also result in an incremental increase within the pay scale, up to the maximum point for the role. (N.B. the middle rating results in either an increment or bonus – not both.)

For all other employees, the performance appraisal scheme results in one of four levels of rating; Outstanding Performer, Consistently High Performer, Good or Not at Required Standard. A rating of Outstanding Performer or Consistently High Performer can result in an incremental increase within the pay scale, up to the maximum point for the role. Employees who receive an Outstanding Performer rating receive a non-consolidated bonus of 2.5%, or 3% if at the maximum point for the role.

Annually staff may also be eligible to 'jump the bar', which enables employees to progress to the next competency level in their pay scale. Staff and managers are required to demonstrate/evidence the advancing or advanced characteristics at the level above the current progression level as described in individual's role profiles which is assessed against the required competency characteristics/framework. This may result in an incremental increase.

### Remuneration of employees on appointment

As is the case in the appointment of new employees across the Council, Chief Officers are generally appointed towards the bottom of the grade for the role or at a market level of pay negotiated on appointment.

In line with the constitution, approval of pay on appointment is made by the Head of Paid Service or officer(s) nominated by them. For external candidates, the appointment of the Head of Paid Service, Section 151 Officer, and Monitoring Officer is through recommendation from the Employment Committee to Full Council for ratification. Where an existing officer at the Council is considered for a statutory officer role, the designation is a matter for Full Council, decision after the proposed designation has been discussed informally with the Employment Committee. The appointment of Directors (Non-Statutory Officers reporting directly to the Head of Paid Service) is made by the Employment Committee.

### Assessing the gender pay gap

The gender pay gap is the difference in the average hourly wage of all men and women across a workforce.

The gender pay gap is not the same as unequal pay, which is paying men and women differently for performing the same (or similar) work. Unequal pay has been unlawful since 1970.

A gender pay gap does not necessarily indicate the existence of an equal pay problem, albeit a gender pay gap may be a trigger for further investigation about the reasons why the gap exists.

The Council's ability to use a formal job evaluation process, use of structured payscales, and defined processes and procedures to award performance pay increases, limits inequality in pay for roles of similar value, between the genders. As the Council has over 250 employees, by law we must publish and report specific figures around our gender pay gap as of 31 March of each year (relating to the previous year's data).

Each year, the Council's gender pay gap figures are compared against preceding year and examined to identify if there is an inequitable cause of a significant gap between genders, which may need addressing.

Our gender pay gap figures continue to show that we do have a gap in terms of 'average hourly pay', but it is a gap in the favour of women - we are among a small percentage of organisations who, on average, pay women more. The gap is largely due to our demographics: females substantially underrepresented in operative roles but slightly over represented in senior roles.

The gender pay gap reports can be found via the Councils website: <a href="https://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/info/20091/organisation">https://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/info/20091/organisation</a> and services/737/open data transparency

## **Exceptional increases and additions to remuneration for Chief Officers**

The Head of Paid Service (or another nominated senior officer) receives additional payments for election duties when acting as Returning Officer or Acting Returning Officer. Some of these payments made will be funded by the Government or Surrey County Council, depending on the type of election. For local elections, the Returning Officer fees are paid by the Council. The Returning Officer or Acting Returning Officer is able to make payments to any Deputy they appoint.

The Head of Paid Service, Section 151 Officer and Monitoring Officer job descriptions and associated grades include remuneration for the additional statutory duties and responsibilities

delivered<sup>5</sup>. If deputies are required, an honorarium payment (up to 10% of salary per annum) can be made in recognition of additional duties required.

### The use of market supplements, honoraria and one-off payments

In a few cases the Council also pays market supplements to specific groups of employees where there is evidence that the pay scale determined for the role is significantly out of alignment with the pay market, and / or where there is difficulty recruiting and retaining employees. These payments are non-contractual, and currently apply to a total of four positions in Development Management (Senior Planning Officers).

The Head of Service for OD & HR, Chief Finance Officer and Chair of the Employment Committee are consulted on the application of any new market supplements, as per the Constitution. Other payments as described below are approved by Officers through delegated authority outlined in the constitution.

On occasion, temporary honorarium payments are paid to employees, when they carry out additional roles or other duties at a higher level e.g., providing cover for a higher graded colleague while they are on maternity leave.

There are also specific conditions for one-off bonus payments, which provide incentive and rewards for specific and exceptional achievements, such as the following:

- For delivering one-off projects clearly outside the responsibilities of the job
- For successfully carrying out something which was exceptionally difficult, or working to a much higher level for a temporary period of time
- For working unusually long or inconvenient hours because of a particular problem

### Chief Officers' payments on ceasing to hold Office

Chief Officers who leave the Council's employment, may receive exit payments above contractually agreed limits in exceptional circumstances only in line with the Council's procedure for approving exit payments. These are subject to the consultation with the Head of Paid Service, Section 151 Officer (or delegated official if the compensation relates to either role) and Monitoring Officer where applicable.

There is a prescribed arrangement for settlement payments approval in consultation with the Employment Committee:

 Settlement payments of £100,000 and above must ultimately be approved by a vote of full council, as set out in the Localism Act 2011;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A description of the functions of each statutory officer is provided under Article 13 of Part 2 of the Council's Constitution.

- Settlement payments of £20,000 and above, but below £100,000, must be personally
  approved and signed off by the Head of Paid Service, with a clear record of the
  Leader's approval and that of any others who have signed off the payment;
- Settlement payments below £20,000 must be approved according to the local authority's scheme of delegation.

## Publication and access to information relating to remuneration of Chief Officers

A summary of Chief Officers' pay is published as part of the Council's annual statement of accounts and is available via the Council's website: <a href="http://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/info/20210/finance/268/annual\_financial\_reports">http://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/info/20210/finance/268/annual\_financial\_reports</a>